

# **BTM:NG Energy and CRIS Tariff Revisions**

**Joint Installed Capacity and Market Issues Working  
Group**

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*Krey Corporate Center*

# **BTM:NG Topics, Review of Concepts, and Edits to Energy Tariff Revisions**

**Pradip Ganesan**

*Senior Market Design Specialist, Energy Market Design  
New York Independent System Operator*

# Topics

- ◆ **BTM:NG Initiative Overview and General Concepts**
- ◆ **Benefits of BTM:NG Resources**
- ◆ **Edits to Energy Tariff Revisions for BTM:NG Resources (first presented Oct. 23)**
- ◆ **Edits to CRIS Tariff Revisions for BTM:NG Resources (first presented Oct. 26)**
- ◆ **Next Steps**
- ◆ **Appendix**

# **General Concepts for BTM:NG Resource Participation in NYISO Markets**

Previous presentations regarding the BTM:NG project are available on the NYISO's website

# BTM:NG Resources

- ◆ A BTM:NG resource is a facility that has on-site generation capability that routinely serves its host Load and has excess generation capability after serving that host Load
- ◆ BTM:NG resources will be allowed to participate in:
  - *Energy Market*
  - *Capacity Market*
  - *Ancillary Services Market*

# Benefits of BTM:NG Resources

- ◆ **Access to this additional supply may:**
  - *Improve grid reliability and operational flexibility*
  - *Provide more clarity and certainty for future resource investment within New York State*
  - *Improve awareness of resources not currently participating in the NYISO wholesale markets*

# General Eligibility Requirements for BTM:NG Resources

- ◆ Each BTM:NG resource must:
  - *Be designed and operated to facilitate the business function of the on-site load by providing electricity in the regular course of business;*
  - *Meet NYSDEC requirements to operate under non-emergency conditions;*
  - *Have an effective interconnection agreement;*
  - *Meet minimum net generation requirements;*
  - *Have appropriate metering configurations; and*
  - *Be responsive to dispatch instructions for each PTID as a single entity interfacing with the grid*

# Participation Requirements

- ◆ To qualify as a BTM:NG resource, a minimum of 1 MW of Average Coincident Host Load will be required
  - *Host Load includes all electrically connected loads within the defined electrical boundary served by the on-site generation*
- ◆ The behind-the-meter generator must have a nameplate rating of greater than 2 MW
- ◆ The interconnection must also allow an export (injection to the grid) of at least 1 MW
  - *Multiple injection points at lower voltages may be acceptable provided they aggregate to a single injection into the NYS Transmission System*
- ◆ Each BTM:NG resource must have a revenue grade TO net meter at each interconnection point from the BTM:NG resource to the distribution or transmission system
- ◆ The BTM:NG resource must have telemetry and, if bidding flexibly, be able to follow dispatch instructions from NYISO via the connecting TO
  - *Direct communication with the NYISO is permitted as a secondary communication path*

# BTM:NG Resource Facility Configurations

- ◆ Participation at a facility will be either:
  - *As a single generator serving a host load*
    - Required to provide reserves if bidding flexibly
    - Offering regulation service is optional
  - *As an aggregated set of generators serving a host load*
    - Required to provide 10 min non-spin and 30 minute reserve products if bidding flexibly
- ◆ The ISO shall review and approve each facility seeking to participate as a BTM:NG resource

# **BTM:NG Energy Tariff Revisions**

# Definitions

- ◆ The following definitions are updated in the Market Administration and Control Area Services Tariff (MST) in response to comments received from stakeholders and for clarification.
  - *Behind-the-Meter Net Generation Resource (BTM:NG) – Definition clarified as a Generator serving a Host Load at a single PTID point. Updated definition to clarify what qualifies as a BTM:NG Resource.*
  - *Dispatchable – Ministerial changes.*
  - *Emergency Upper Operating Limit ( $UOL_E$ ) – Definition remains unchanged since October 23<sup>rd</sup> stakeholder presentation. The definition allows for a BTM:NG to have a different  $UOL_E$  value from  $UOL_N$  if the resource can reduce its Host Load during extraordinary circumstances. The  $UOL_E$  is capped at the Resource's Injection Limit.*

# Definitions

- ◆ **The following definitions are updated in the Market Administration and Control Area Services Tariff (MST) in response to comments received from stakeholders and for clarification.**
  - *Generator – Ministerial changes.*
  - *Host Load – Ministerial changes.*
  - *Injection Limit – Ministerial changes.*
  - *Intermittent Power Resource – This change to this definition was removed and incorporated in the definition of a BTM:NG resource.*
  - *Normal Upper Operating Limit (UOL<sub>N</sub>) – Ministerial changes.*
  - *Operating Reserves – 30-Minute Reserve definition updated.*

# Tariff Revisions

- ◆ **Section 4.2.1.1 - General Customer Forecasting and Bidding Requirements**
  - *The NYISO withdraws its proposal to substitute its own Host Load estimate for the BTM:NG Resource's estimate.*
  - *New Section 15.3B of the MST describes a new charge to BTM:NG Resources for Persistent Host Load Over Forecasting.*
  
- ◆ **Section 4.2.1.3.1 – General Rules for Day-Ahead Bids**
  - *Revised to state that a Generator that is electrically interconnected to a Host Load will only be able to submit Day-Ahead Bids as a BTM:NG Resource (not as a traditional Generator).*

# Tariff Revisions

- ◆ **Section 4.2.3 - Security Constrained Unit Commitment (“SCUC”)**
  - *Removed reference to UOLn.*
- ◆ **Section 4.4.1 - Real-Time Commitment (“RTC”)**
  - *Removed reference to UOLn.*
- ◆ **Section 4.4.1.2 – Real-Time Market Bids and Other Requests**
  - *Revised to state that a Generator that is electrically interconnected to a Host Load will only be able to submit Real-Time Bids as a BTM:NG Resource (not as a traditional Generator).*
  - *The NYISO withdraws its proposal to substitute its own Host Load estimate for the BTM:NG Resource’s estimate. Instead, see Section 15.3B of the MST for details.*

# Tariff Revisions

- ◆ **Section 4.4.1.2.1 – Real-Time Bids to Supply Energy and Ancillary Services, other than External Transactions**
  - *Ministerial changes.*
- ◆ **Section 4.5 Real-Time Market Settlements**
  - *BTM:NG Resources are not subject to the procedure when bid as Self-Committed Flexible.*
- ◆ **Section 15.3 Rate Schedule 3 – Payments for Regulation Service**
  - *Revised to reflect that BTM:NG Resources cannot provide regulation service when the Resource has multiple generators that participate in aggregate and are dispatched as a single unit.*

# Tariff Revisions

- ◆ **Section 15.3A.3 – Exemptions (to Charges Applicable to Suppliers That Are Not Providing Regulation Service)**
  - *Ministerial changes.*
- ◆ **Section 15.3B – Rate Schedule “3-B” – Persistent Host Load Over Forecast Charges Applicable to Behind-the-Meter Net Generation Resources**
  - *Section describes how persistent Host Load over forecast charges shall be assessed each interval when the Forecasted Host Load Difference is above the tolerance set in ISO procedures.*

# Tariff Revisions

- ◆ **Section 15.3B – Rate Schedule “3-B” – Persistent Host Load Over Forecast Charges Applicable to Behind-the-Meter Net Generation Resources**
  - ***Applicable when Host Load is over-forecasted in Real-Time Bids.***
    - Difference between forecast and actual Host Load must exceed a 3% tolerance band
    - The over forecast must exceed 3% for greater than 15 minutes
  - ***Similar to rules in place for Generators that do not follow Real-Time basepoints.***
  - ***If the Behind-the-Meter Net Generation Resource’s over forecast meets both components of the test, the Resource shall pay the Persistent Host Load Over Forecast Charge for the overage in excess of 3% and for the time in excess of 15 minutes.***

# Tariff Revisions

- ◆ **Section 15.4.1.2.1 – Spinning Reserve**
  - *Ministerial changes.*
- ◆ **Section 18.12 - Proration Of Start-Up Bid For Generators That Are Committed In The Day-Ahead Market, Or Via Supplemental Resource Evaluation**
  - *Ministerial changes.*

# **BTM:NG CRIS Tariff Revisions**

**James Pigeon**

*Senior Market Design Specialist, Energy Market Design  
New York Independent System Operator*

# CRIS Tariff Revisions – Att. S

- ◆ Ministerial and clarifying changes in response to comments received at Oct 26<sup>th</sup> ICAPWG.
- ◆ **Definitions**
  - *Capacity Resource Interconnection Service (“CRIS”), Class Year Deliverability Study – further revised for clarity*
  - *Class Year CRIS Project – revised to clarify that the definition includes not just CRIS-only projects but all projects requesting CRIS*
- ◆ **Section 25**
  - *25.3.1 Deliverability Interconnection Standard Scope and Purpose – updated to reference existing rule for 2MW or smaller facilities*

# CRIS Tariff Revisions – Att. S

## ◆ Section 25 (cont.)

- *25.7.4 Participation in Capacity Markets – removal of references to estimated Net ICAP and simplification of wording for CRIS*
- *25.8.1 Project Cost Allocation Figures – removal of references to estimated Net ICAP*
- *25.9.3.4.1 CRIS for Facilities Not Subject to NYISO Interconnection Procedures – clarifications for effective interconnection*
- *25.9.3.4.1.1 BTM:NG Resource – clarification for initial CRIS level*

# **CRIS Tariff Revisions – Att. X**

- ◆ **Ministerial and clarifying changes in response to comments received at Oct 26<sup>th</sup> ICAPWG**
- ◆ **30.3.1 Interconnection Requests General – clarification of method by which increases to BTM:NG are measured**
- ◆ **30.3.2.4 CRIS Elections – removal of references of estimated Net ICAP**

# Next Steps

## ◆ **Tariff Revisions and Review**

- *Joint ICAPWG/MIWG (Nov 18<sup>th</sup>, 2015)*
- *Joint ICAPWG/MIWG (Nov 19<sup>th</sup>, 2015)*
- *BIC (December 2015)*
- *MC (December 2015)*
- *Board Approval (January 2016)*
- *Filing (February 2016)*
- *Implement (Q4 2016) – Contingent upon timely approval from Market Participants, the NYISO Board of Directors and FERC*

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